

**PROGRAM STUDI S1 ILMU KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT FAKULTAS
KESEHATAN & INFORMATIKA INSTITUT KESEHATAN PAYUNG NEGERI
PEKANBARU**

Studi *Literature Review*, 15 Maret 2026

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Hubungan Pengetahuan dan Sikap terhadap Tindakan Pencegahan Demam Berdarah Dengue (DBD).

xii + 86 Halaman + 3 Tabel + 4 Lampiran

ABSTRAK

Demam Berdarah Dengue (DBD) masih menjadi masalah kesehatan masyarakat di negara tropis dan subtropis, termasuk Indonesia. Pencegahan DBD melalui penerapan 3M Plus memerlukan peran aktif masyarakat yang dipengaruhi oleh pengetahuan dan sikap. Penelitian ini bertujuan menganalisis hubungan pengetahuan dan sikap masyarakat dengan tindakan pencegahan DBD. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode Literature Review dengan sintesis naratif. Artikel diperoleh dari Google Scholar, PubMed, ScienceDirect, dan OpenAlex menggunakan kata kunci *knowledge*, *attitude*, dan *dengue prevention* dengan operator Boolean AND dan OR. Artikel yang dianalisis merupakan artikel *full text* tahun 2022–2025 sesuai kriteria inklusi dan eksklusi. Sebanyak 25 artikel yang terdiri atas 17 jurnal nasional dan 8 jurnal internasional dianalisis. Hasil telaah menunjukkan adanya hubungan signifikan antara pengetahuan dan sikap dengan tindakan pencegahan DBD. Selain itu, pencegahan DBD juga dipengaruhi oleh dukungan sosial, ketersediaan sarana, kondisi lingkungan, dan peran tenaga kesehatan. Disimpulkan bahwa pengetahuan dan sikap berhubungan signifikan dengan tindakan pencegahan DBD sehingga diperlukan edukasi kesehatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat secara berkelanjutan.

Kata Kunci: *Demam Berdarah Dengue, Pengetahuan, Sikap, Tindakan Pencegahan, Literature Review.*

Daftar bacaan : 25 (2020-2025)

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***The Relationship Between Knowledge And Attitudes Towards Preventive Measures For
Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever (DHF)***

xii+ 86 Pages+ 3 Tables+ 4 Appendixes

ABSTRACT

Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever (DHF) remains a public health problem in tropical and subtropical countries, including Indonesia. Dengue prevention through the 3M Plus strategy requires active community participation influenced by knowledge and attitudes. This study aimed to analyze the relationship between community knowledge, attitudes, and dengue prevention practices. A *Literature Review* with a narrative synthesis approach was conducted. Articles were retrieved from Google Scholar, PubMed, ScienceDirect, and OpenAlex using the keywords *knowledge*, *attitude*, and *dengue prevention* with the Boolean operators AND and OR. Full-text articles published between 2022 and 2025 that met the inclusion and exclusion criteria were included. A total of 25 articles (17 national and 8 international) were analyzed. The findings showed a significant relationship between knowledge, attitudes, and dengue prevention practices. Preventive behavior was also influenced by social support, resource availability, environmental conditions, and the role of health workers. The review concludes that improving knowledge and attitudes through continuous health education and community empowerment is essential to strengthen dengue prevention.

Keywords : Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever, Knowledge, Attitude, Prevention Practices, Literature Review.

References: 25 (2022-2025)